

FREE BONUS GUIDE

The Loose-Leash Blueprint

Calm, happy walks with your Rottweiler.

Bonus guide for The Complete Rottweiler Guide

Before We Begin

Walking your Rottweiler should be one of the best parts of your day: fresh air, a happy dog, time together. Instead, for many owners, it's a daily arm workout. Your Rottie drags you towards every person, every dog, every puddle and every crisp packet. Your shoulder aches. You've stopped enjoying walks, and maybe you've started skipping them.

You're not alone, and your Rottie isn't being naughty. Pulling is one of the most common problems in this breed, because Rotties are big, strong dogs, originally bred to pull carts, and the world is full of interesting things.

This plan will change that. It takes about three weeks of steady practice, and it works for puppies, teenagers and adults.



Before We Begin





Why Rotties Pull

Pulling works

Every time your Rottie pulls and gets to the smell, the person or the dog they wanted, pulling is rewarded. Dogs repeat what works. If pulling has worked thousands of times, it's a strong habit, but habits can be changed.

The opposition reflex

When something pulls a dog backwards, they naturally lean forward into it. That's why yanking the lead often makes pulling worse, not better.

We're slow

A Rottie's comfortable trotting speed is much faster than our walking pace. Walking politely beside us is a skill they need to learn; it doesn't come naturally.

Everything is exciting

Rotties love people, dogs, water, food and smells. On a walk, all of these are calling at once.

Why Rotties Pull

Why it matters

A full-grown Rottweiler can easily out-pull their owner, and a calm Rottie on a loose lead changes how people see the breed. Pulling isn't just uncomfortable. It can hurt your shoulders, wrists and back, and put pressure on your dog's neck and throat. A Rottie who pulls is also harder to keep safe near roads, and less likely to be walked often, which leads to more pent-up energy at home.



Your Toolkit

- **A front-clip harness:** the lead clips to a ring on the chest. When your Rottie pulls, it gently turns them towards you instead of giving them something to lean into. Check the fit: two fingers under the straps, and it shouldn't rub behind the front legs.
- **A fixed lead (1.8–2 metres):** long enough to give some freedom, short enough to control. Avoid retractable leads.
- **A long line (5–10 metres):** for freedom walks in safe open spaces.
- **A treat pouch** on your belt with small, soft treats.
- **A toy** for your Rottie to carry.
- **Water** on warm days.

How to hold the lead

Hold the loop in one hand, with your other hand lower down the lead as a brake. Keep your elbows soft and close to your body. Don't wrap the lead around your wrist; if your dog lunges, you could be injured.



Before You Leave the House

The calmness of the walk is decided before you step outside. If your Rottie is spinning and leaping at the front door, the walk starts with a dog who's already over-excited.

Step 1: Calm Harness

Pick up the harness. If your Rottie jumps or spins, put it down and wait. When they sit or stand still, put it on. Repeat as many times as it takes. It might take ten minutes the first time, but it gets much faster.

Step 2: Calm Door

Put your hand on the door handle. If your Rottie surges forward, take your hand away. Open the door a crack. If they move forward, close it gently. When they wait, open it fully and say "OK, let's go."

Step 3: Calm Start

Stand outside for 30 seconds and let your Rottie look around. Scatter a few treats on the ground to sniff. Then set off.

Week 1: Learning the Rule

We don't start on a real walk. The outside world is too exciting. We start at home.

Step 1: The Reward Zone

Choose which side you want your Rottie to walk on. Hold treats in that hand. Every time your Rottie is beside your leg, say "yes" and give a treat right at your leg. Take one step and reward. Two steps, reward. Walk around your living room and garden like this for 5 minutes, twice a day.

Step 2: Red Light, Green Light

In the garden, walk forward. The moment the lead goes tight, stop. Stand still and wait. Don't pull back. When your Rottie lets the lead go slack, even a little, say "yes" and walk on. Practise 5 minutes, twice a day.



Week 1: Learning the Rule

Step 3: Follow the Turn

In the garden, walk forward, then turn around. Say "this way!" in a happy voice as you turn. When your Rottie turns with you, reward. Practise turning left, right and all the way around.

Step 4: Check Your Progress

By the end of week 1, your Rottie should:

- walk beside you in the garden on a loose lead for 10–20 steps
- stop pulling quickly when you stop
- turn with you when you change direction

If not, spend a few more days at this stage.



Week 2: Quiet Streets

Now take it outside, somewhere quiet, at a quiet time.

Step 1: Short Training Walks

Walk for 10–15 minutes, using Red Light, Green Light the whole time. You may not get far. That's fine. You're teaching, not travelling.

Step 2: Pay Often

Reward every few steps of loose-lead walking at first. As your Rottie gets better, reward every 10 steps, then every 20.

Step 3: Sniff Breaks

After 10–20 steps of nice walking, say "go sniff!" and let your Rottie explore the verge or a lamp post. Sniffing is one of the best rewards you can give.

Step 4: The U-Turn

If your Rottie pulls ahead, say "this way!" and turn around. Reward when they catch up. Walk back the way you came for a few steps, then turn again.

Rottie Walk Problems

The People Watcher

Some Rotties stare at, or pull towards, people they're unsure about. Add distance, reward calm looks, and never force greetings. See your Stranger & Guest Reset bonus.

The Dog Chaser

Most Rotties want to play with every dog they see. Use the same plan: distance, rewards for calm looks, and greetings only when calm and invited.

The Vacuum Cleaner

Many Rotties hoover up everything on the ground. Practise "leave it" at home first (see Chapter 12 of your main guide), then use it on walks before your dog reaches something. Carry high-value treats to swap if they pick something up.



Rottie Walk Problems

Heat

Rottweilers' dark coats soak up heat. Walk early or late on warm days, carry water, and stop in the shade if your Rottie pants heavily or slows down.

The Lead Biter

Some Rotties grab and tug the lead when they're excited or frustrated. Bring a tug toy and offer it before they grab the lead. If they grab the lead, stop, stand still and wait for them to let go, then reward.

The Carrier

Many Rotties walk more calmly when carrying a toy. Give your Rottie a soft toy to carry for part of the walk, and praise them for it.



Week 3: The Real World

Now start adding real-life walks, step by step.

Step 1: Busier Streets

Walk on slightly busier streets. Keep sessions short and rewards frequent.

Step 2: Use Distance

If your Rottie can't keep the lead loose, you're too close to the distraction. Cross the road, step aside or go back to a quieter area.

Step 3: Mix Walk Types

Keep doing short training walks, and add freedom walks on a long line in safe, quiet spaces where your Rottie can sniff and explore without pulling being an issue.

Step 4: Same Rules for Everyone

Everyone who walks your dog must follow the Loose Lead Rule. If one person lets pulling work, it'll keep coming back.



Week 3: The Real World

Managing setbacks

Some days, your Rottie will pull more: in the rain, after a few days without walks, or when there's a lot going on. Go back to quieter streets for a few days.

Your 21-Day Plan

- **Days 1–3:** calm harness and door routines. Reward Zone at home.
- **Days 4–7:** Red Light, Green Light and turns in the garden.
- **Days 8–10:** short training walks on quiet streets.
- **Days 11–14:** sniff breaks and U-turns.
- **Days 15–18:** slightly busier streets. Practise calm passing.
- **Days 19–21:** real-life walks with freedom walks mixed in.



Fix It by Pull Type

Not all pulling is the same. Find your Rottie's pull type and use the matching fix.

The Start-of-Walk Surge

Your Rottie pulls hardest for the first five minutes, then settles. Fix: spend more time on the calm harness and door routine. Start with a 5-minute sniff near home before setting off.

The Lunger

Your Rottie suddenly lunges at a person, dog, bird or bike. Fix: watch for the trigger before your dog does. Use the U-turn early, and reward calm looks at a distance.

The Slow Drift

Your Rottie gradually drifts ahead until the lead is tight. Fix: reward more often for being beside you, and change pace and direction to keep them paying attention.



Fix It by Pull Type

The Zigzagger

Your Rottie weaves from side to side, tripping you up. Fix: reward them on one side only, and keep treats in that hand. Use a slightly shorter lead for training walks.

The Homeward Dragger

Your Rottie pulls hard on the way home. Fix: use the same Red Light, Green Light rule, and sometimes walk past your house and keep going.

The Puller in the Rain

Your Rottie pulls more in bad weather because they want to get it over with. Fix: keep wet walks short and use extra treats.



Puppy's First Lead Lessons

If you have a Rottie puppy, you can prevent pulling from the start.

Step 1: Harness Happy

Show the harness, give a treat. Slip it on for a few seconds, give treats, take it off. Build up slowly.

Step 2: Lead in the House

Clip on a light lead and let your puppy wander while you supervise, rewarding them for coming to you.

Step 3: Follow Me Games

In the house and garden, walk away from your puppy, rewarding them when they catch up.

Step 4: Short Outdoor Practice

Practise for a few minutes at a time outside, rewarding your puppy for walking near you.



Puppy's First Lead Lessons

Step 5: Never Let Pulling Work

From day one, a tight lead means you stop. Your puppy learns early that pulling doesn't work.



Walking With Others

Two dogs

Train each dog separately first. Once both can walk on a loose lead alone, walk them together for short periods.

Children walking the dog

Children shouldn't walk a strong Rottie alone until the dog walks reliably on a loose lead, and the child is old and strong enough to hold them. An adult should hold a second lead attached to the harness.

Older walkers

If someone older or less steady will be walking your Rottie, make sure your dog is fully trained first, and use a front-clip harness.

Dog walkers

Share this plan with your dog walker, and ask them to follow the same rules.



10 Popular Questions Answered

1. How long will this take? Most Rotties improve a lot in 3 weeks. Perfect walking takes longer.

2. Should I use a head collar? Some dogs do well with one, but it needs careful introduction. A front-clip harness is easier for most.

3. My dog walks well at home but not outside. Why? Outside is more exciting. Build up slowly.

4. Can I let my dog walk ahead? On freedom walks, yes. On training walks, ask for a loose lead.

5. Should I let my Rottie greet everyone? No. Only when calm, comfortable and invited, and never forced.



10 Popular Questions Answered

6. My dog pulls towards home. What do I do? Use the same rule: stop when the lead is tight.

7. How many treats should I use? Lots at first. Reduce slowly as your dog improves.

8. My dog grabs the lead. Help! Offer a tug toy before they grab, and stand still if they do.

9. Should I use a choke chain? No. They can hurt your dog's neck and throat.

10. My dog still pulls after 3 weeks. Keep going. Make walks shorter and rewards bigger, and check everyone follows the same rules.



Your Quick Checklist

- ☐ Front-clip harness and fixed lead ready.
- ☐ Treat pouch with soft treats.
- ☐ Calm harness and door routine.
- ☐ Reward Zone practised at home.
- ☐ Red Light, Green Light on every training walk.
- ☐ Sniff breaks as rewards.
- ☐ Freedom walks on a long line.
- ☐ Everyone follows the same rules.



A Final Word



Loose-lead walking is one of the hardest skills for a Rottie, and one of the most rewarding to teach. Stay patient, keep sessions short, and celebrate every loose-lead step.

Soon, you'll be enjoying walks with a happy Rottie trotting beside you.